Understanding California's Vote-by-Mail Ballots

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CCEP Issue Briefs

- Disparities in California's Vote-by-Mail Use Changing Demographic Composition: 2002-2012
- 2. California's Uncounted Vote-By-Mail Ballots: Identifying Variation in County Processing
- 3. Disparities in California's Uncounted Voteby-Mail Ballots: Youth, Party and Language Preference

CCEP Vote-by-Mail Study

In collaboration with the Future of California Elections (FOCE)

regionalchange.ucdavis.edu/ccep

Research Identified:

- The demographic composition of VBM voters
- The breakdown of reasons for ballot rejection
- The demographic composition of unsuccessful vote-by-mail voters

Demographic Composition of VBM Voters

Different Sub-Groups Use VBM at Different Rates

Disparities in VBM Use

By Age:

- 2012 Youth voters lowest VBM use rate of all age groups – 39%
- By Race/Ethnicity:
- 2012 Latino VBM proportional use rate 37%
- 2012 Asian VBM proportional use rate 58%

Composition of VBM vs Poll Voter Populations

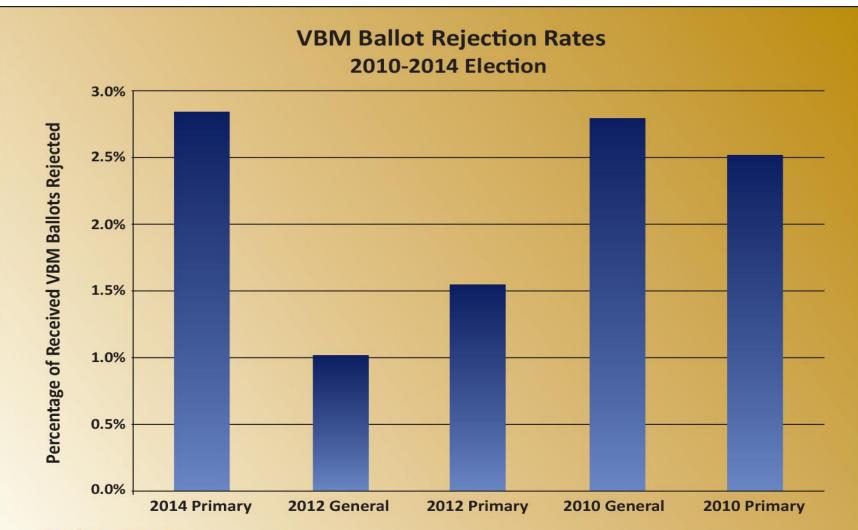
Breakdown of VBM Ballots

VBM Voters are:

- Older
- Less Latino
- More Asian
- Less Democratic
- Different Regional Patterns

Reasons for VBM Ballot Rejection

VBM Rejection Rates

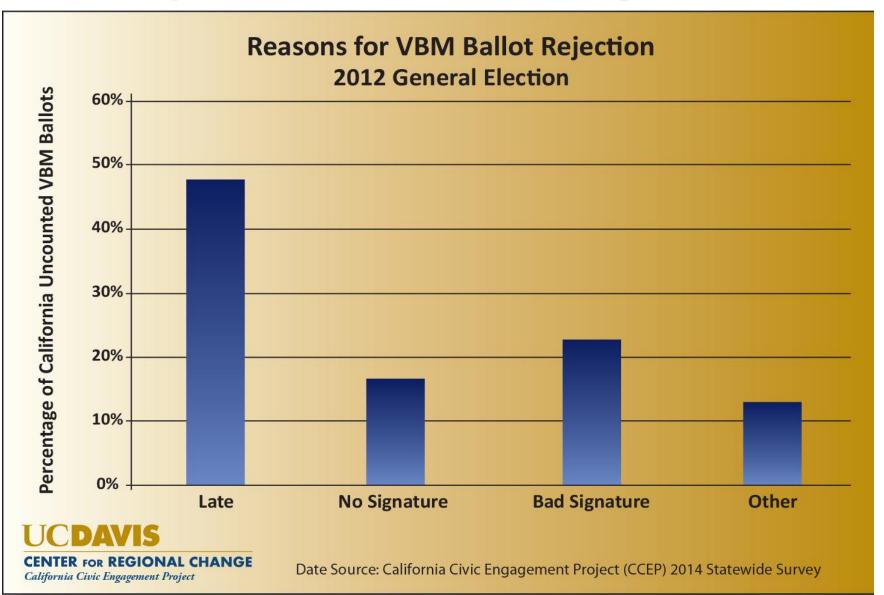


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Date Source: California Secretary of State, 2010-2014

Top Three Reasons for Rejection

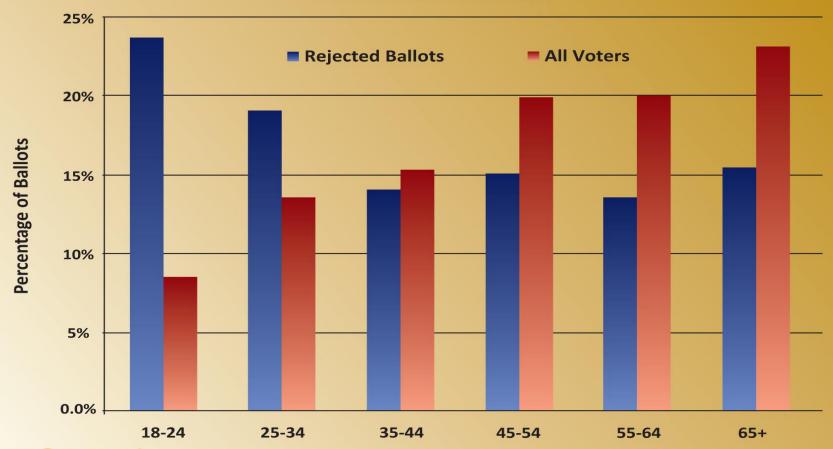


Demographic composition of unsuccessful vote-by-mail voters:

Age
Language Preference
Military Status

Youth More Likely to Experience VBM Rejection

Rejected VBM Ballots: Overrepresentation of Young Voters
2012 General Election

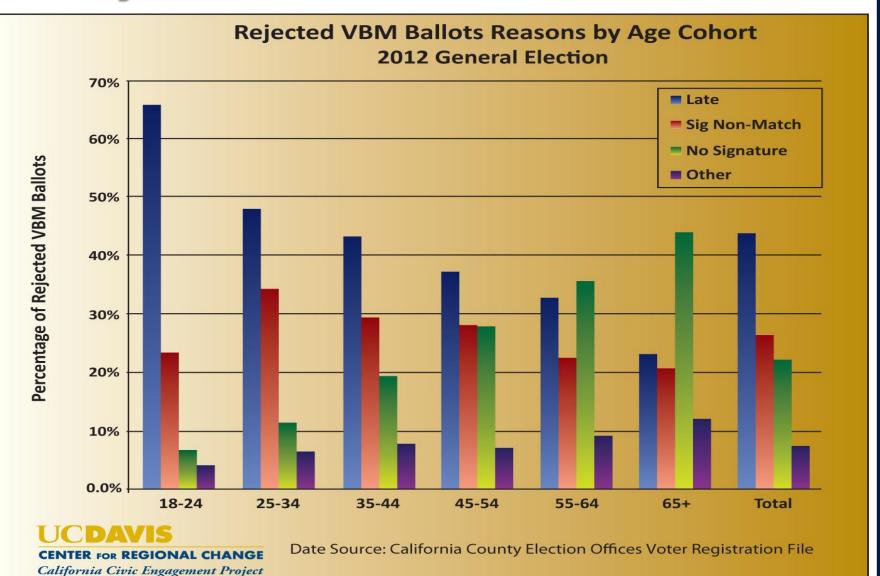


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ANGE Date Source: California County Election Offices Voter Registration File

Rejected Youth VBM Ballots are Late



More Disparities in VBM Rejection

- More non-English language ballots are rejected
- Missing Signature a Major Reason for Rejection of Non-English Ballots
- Military and Overseas Ballots More Likely to be Rejected

Why do disparities in VBM use and rejection rates matter?

Impacts:

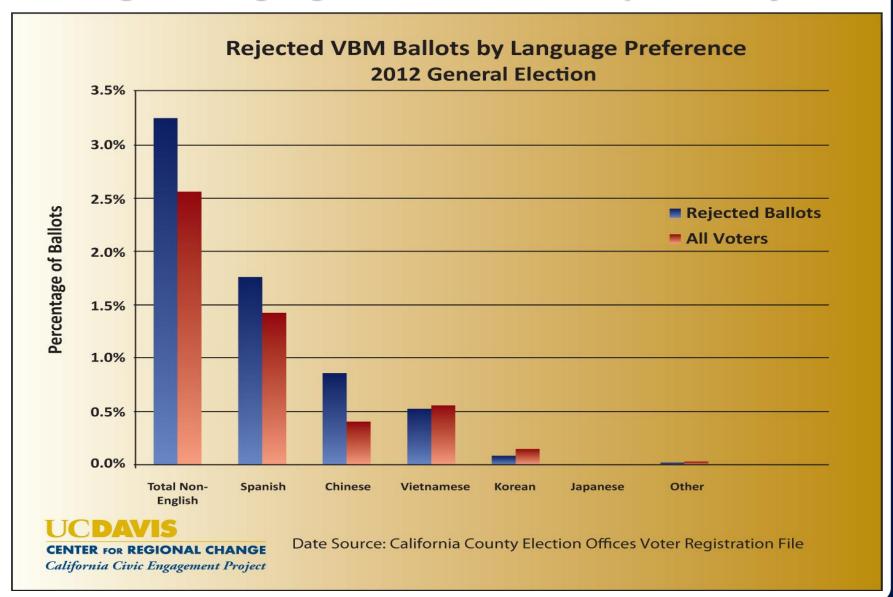
- Outreach and education to VBM voters and/or future VBM voters
- Services provided to VBM voters
- As some counties look to possibly reduce polling places – need to identify if there is disparate impact
- = critical to utilize data in VBM policy discussions

Thank you

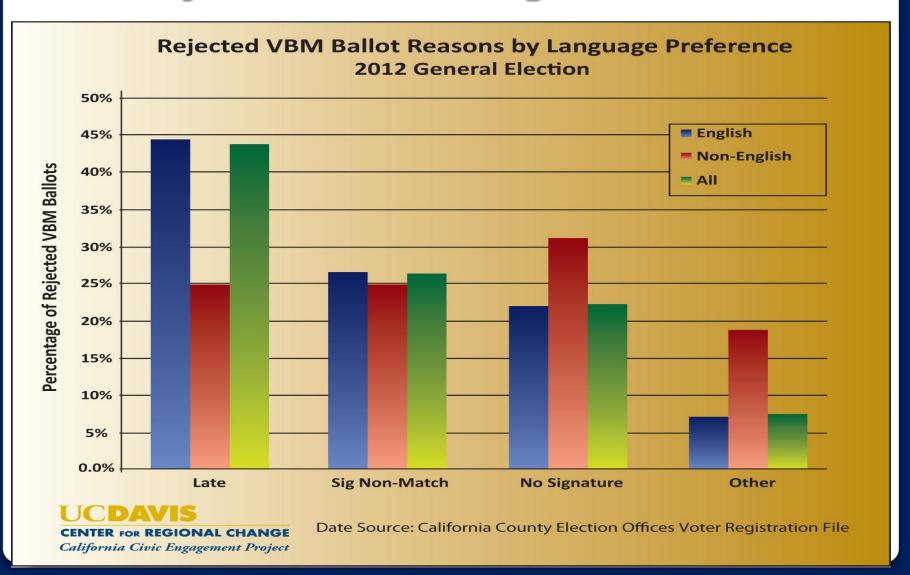
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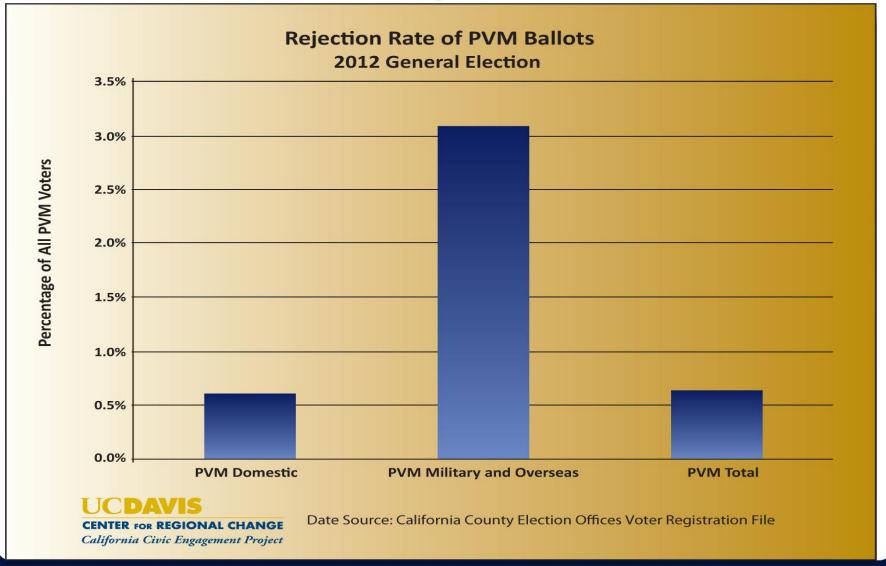
Non-English Language Ballots More Likely to be Rejected



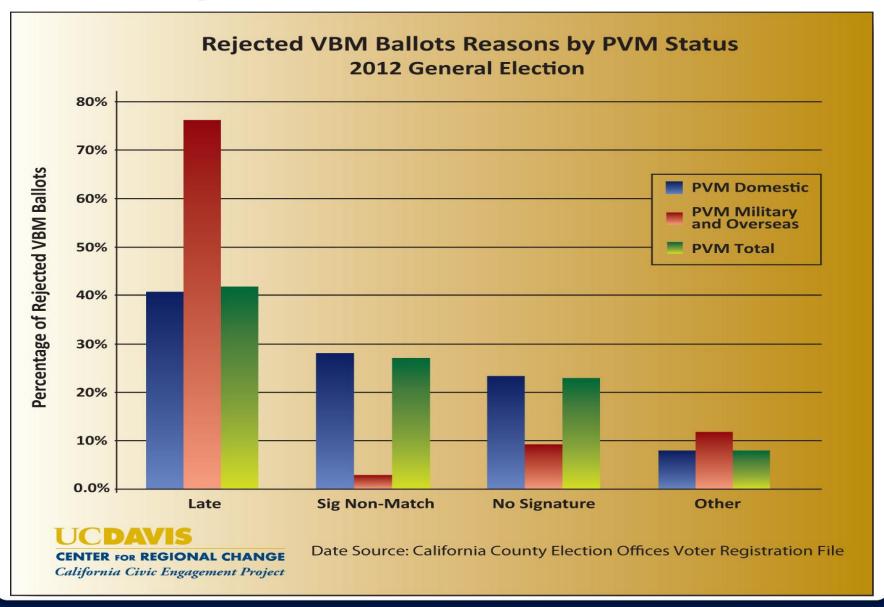
Missing Signature a Major Reason for Rejection of Non-English Ballots



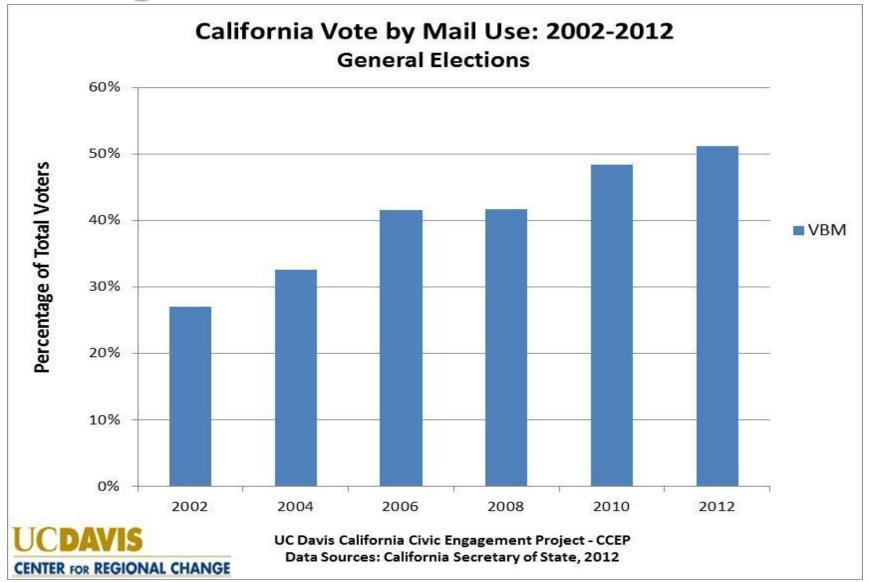
Military and Overseas Ballots More Likely to be Rejected



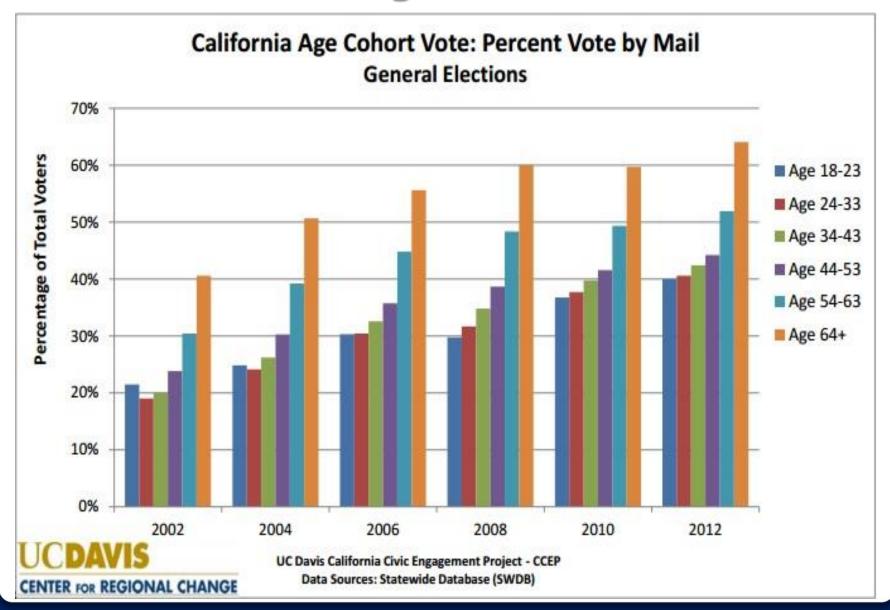
Military and Overseas Ballots are Late



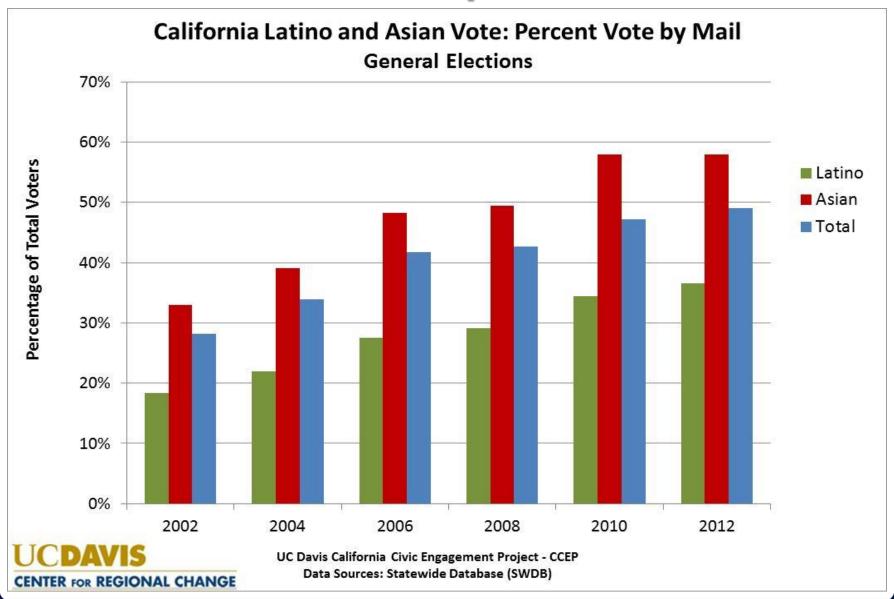
Strong Growth in the VBM Use



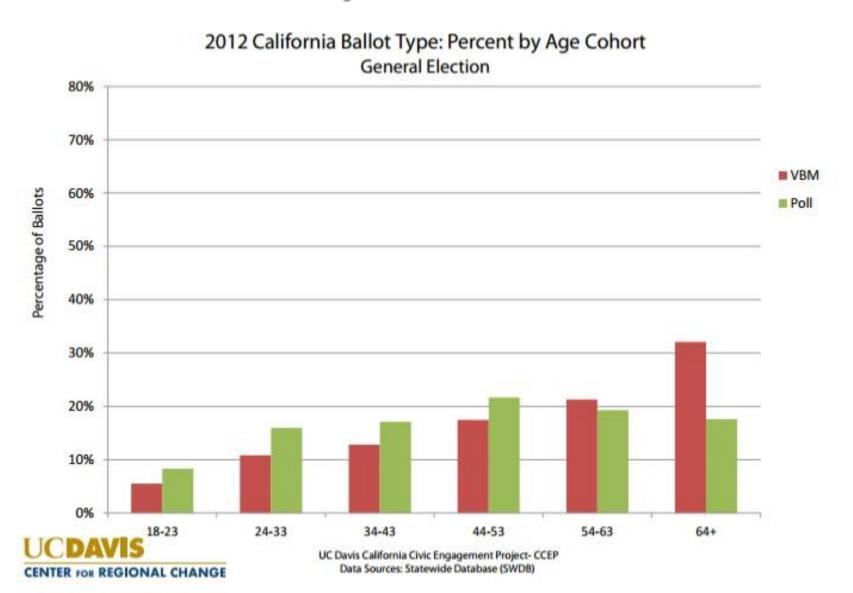
Older Voters Driving State's 50% Use Rate



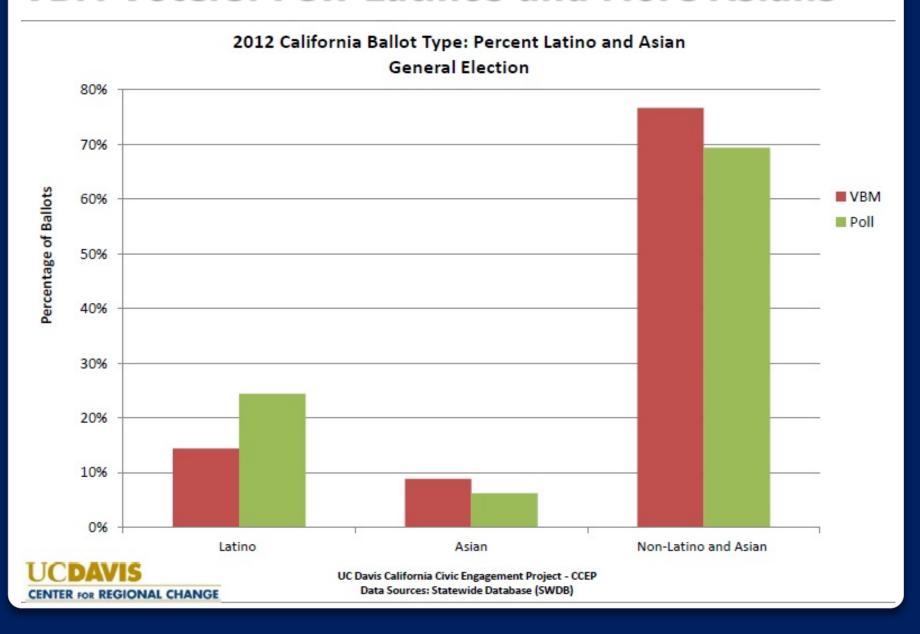
Latinos and Asians: Disparities in VBM Use



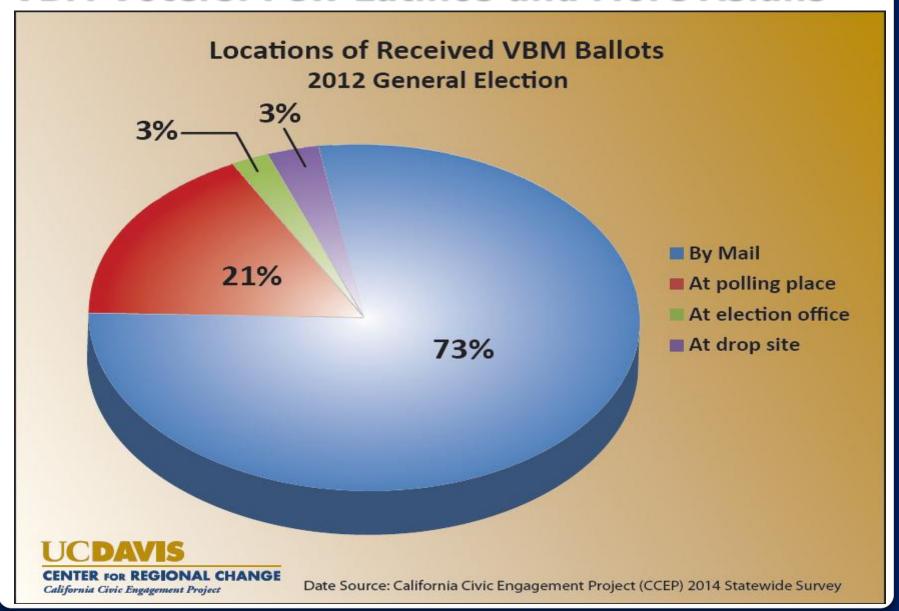
VBM: Greater Proportions of Older Voters



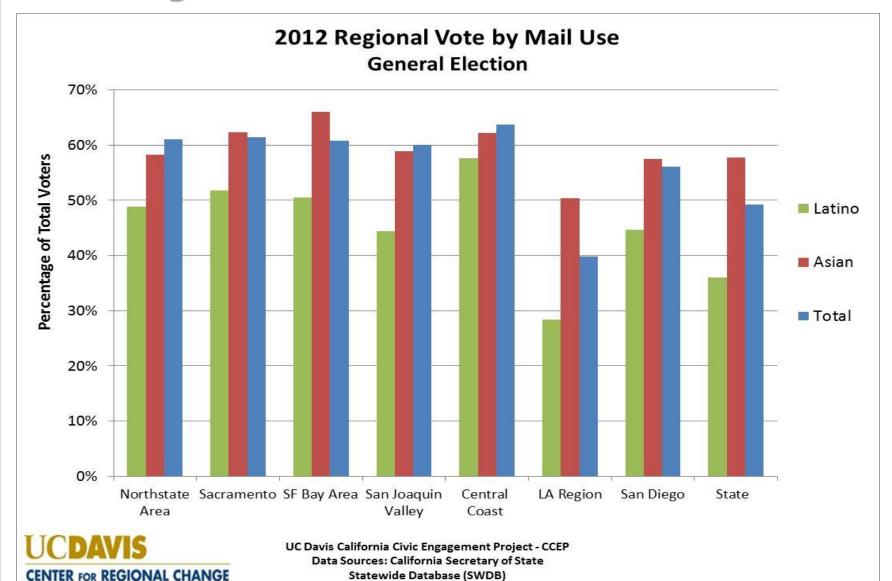
VBM Voters: Few Latinos and More Asians



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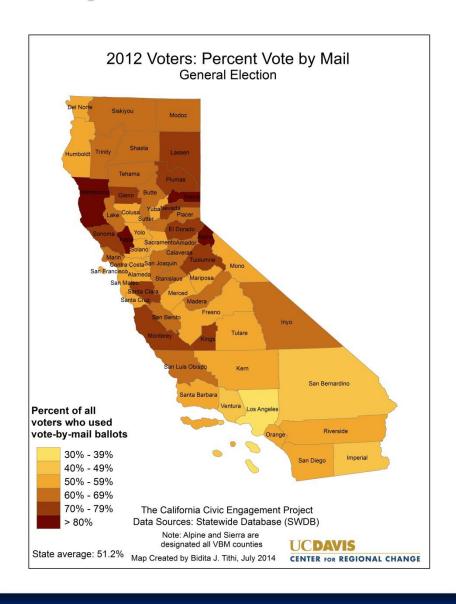


VBM: Regional Variation

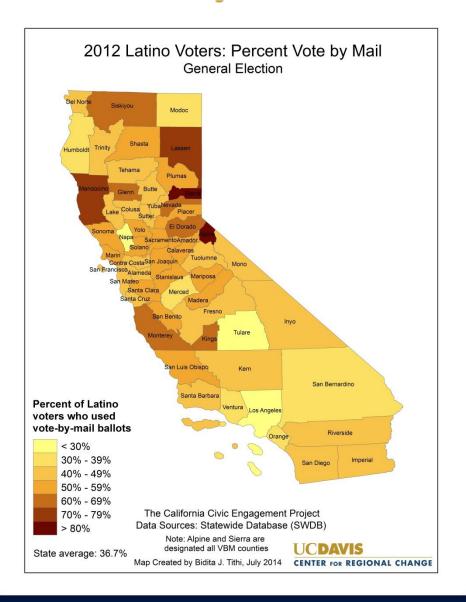


Statewide Database (SWDB)

VBM Use: County Variation



Latino VBM Use: County Variation



Asian VBM Use: County Variation

